

Time to Get it Right:
Developing
Effective Key
Messages



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What is a Key Message?

- A Key Message is a significant idea or thought that you want your audiences to know, understand, remember and if you are lucky repeat
- An effective key message leads your audience to the desired behavior action, attitude change, awareness

* What it is <u>not</u> ...

- It is not about spin
- It is not a spin statement
- Nor is it a disguise for spin



Effective Key Messages

- Are based on your research
- Are true
- Are concise and simple
- ■Related in **human terms**
- Connect with people's emotions
 - Powerful,
 - Clear, and
 - Consistently Repeated

Simon says ...



We live in times of high stress.

Messages that are simple, messages that are inspiring, messages that are life-affirming, are a welcome break from our real lives.

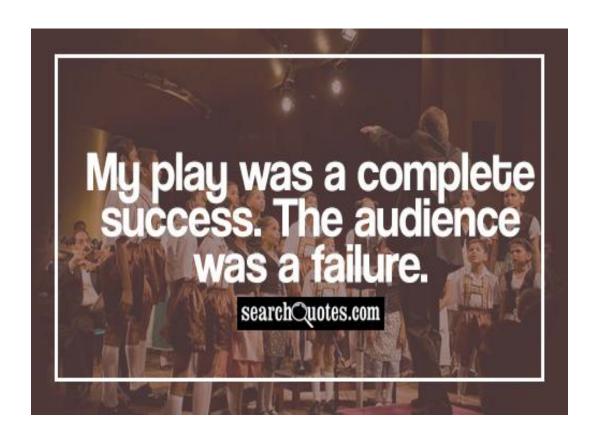
— Simon Sinek —

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Key Message Considerations

- ■Messages what are we communicating?
- Audiences what groups and individuals are we targeting?
- ■Strategies how will we deliver our messages and measure desired behavior?

* Audiences



Key Messages and Audiences

■ Research first

- Identify most supportive audiences
- Identify issues/messages that resonate with audiences
- Identify overriding issues that block understanding
- Use a combination of qualitative and quantitative

■ Evaluate along the way

- Identify what messages are getting through
- Identify any areas of misunderstanding
- Identify what areas to focus on next

Identifying Your Audiences

- What is their **profile**?
 - What beliefs, needs, prejudices, tendencies, misconceptions and preconceptions do they have that affect how you connect with them?
- What do you want them to know and do?
- How do you need to present your message to **be** credible?
- What **issues will resonate** with them?
- How have they responded to your messages in the past?

Major Audience Groups

- ■Internal Teachers, support staff, administrators, custodians, bus drivers, School Board, and others
- External Parents of K-12 students, parents of preschool children, empty nesters, senior citizens, government officials, business owners and the list goes on and on

Who is your audience?

- ■Assess and prioritize your stakeholders:
 - Internal
 - External
- ■Who are the **key opinion leaders**? (They may not be who you think.)

Why go internal first?

- Provides foundation of communication program
- Creates a culture of communication
- ■Emphasizes role of staff as ambassadors
- Allows for staff to help carry messages

Did you know ...

National surveys show that teachers and other building staff are continually listed by parents as the primary/most persuasive source of information about their school or district.

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External Audiences



- Current, alumni
- Patrons
- Parents and Non-Parents
- Parent-TeacherOrganizations, BoosterClubs

Did you know ...

- Civic Groups/ Religious Groups
- Business Leaders
- City/Municipal Leaders
- Realtors
- Elected Officials
- Media

Statistics show that anywhere from 50 to 75 percent of the households in most school districts do not have children currently enrolled in public school.

Reaching Your Audience (strategies)

Most Effective

Least Effective

- 1. Face to Face
- 2. Small group discussion
- 3. Large group presentation
- 4. Phone call
- 5. Personal note/letter/e-mail
- 6. Mass-mailed letter/e-mail
- 7. Newsletters, brochures, etc.
- 8. Press coverage (newspaper, TV, online, etc.)
- 9. Social Media (depending on audience)*
- 10. Advertising (newspaper, TV, radio, etc.)

+ Audience Retention (strategies)

- People remember:
 - 20 percent of what they are told
 - 30 percent of what they see/read
 - 50 percent of what they see and hear
 - 70 percent of what they say
 - 90 percent of what they do

Tell them.

Tell them again.

Then tell them you told them.

* Framing

- As a communicator, you can choose to frame the issue and deliver your message from your perspective.
- Without this focus, people will wander through the "message countryside" and never take in what you are communicating.
- ■If you don't frame it, someone else will!

Developing Key Messages

- Determine if you will craft the message and if others will help
 - Maybe we are **just a helper** in crafting the message
- What do we know and what additional information do I need to gather?
 - **Take the time** to do this right
- Is there greater context to be considered?
 - **Double-check** that your theme/message doesn't conflict with the district messages
- Identify primary and secondary audiences
 - Who needs to hear your message and who might just benefit from hearing your message

Developing Key Messages cont'd

- What is the desired **outcome**?
 - Understanding, change in attitude, etc.

■ Write and rewrite

- Keep it simple to understand
- Don't use acronyms and jargon
- **Practice** delivering the messages
 - They should be become natural
- Repeat the message
 - Rule of thumb: need to hear/see a message seven times before it resonates



What's in it for me?

What your audience wants to know ...



I have a genuine love affair with my audience. When I'm on stage they're not privileged to see me. It's a privilege for me to see them.

Ozzy Osbourne

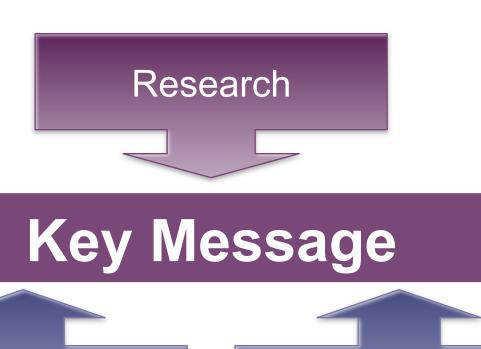
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Remember to Avoid Jargon!

Clayton Abbreviations & Acronyms

AC		Administrative Center	MAP	Missouri Assessment Program
ACT		American College Test	MER	Meramec Elementary School
AFL		Assessment for Learning	MSIP	Missouri School Improvement
AIS		Alternative Instructional Support		Process
AP		Advanced Placement	MSTA	Missouri State Teachers Association
APR		Annual Progress Report	NCLB	No Child Left Behind
AYP	,	Adequate Yearly Progress	NEA	National Education Association
BD]	Behavioral Disorder	OASIS	Intergenerational tutoring program
BOE	E 1	Board of Education	OSS	Out-of-School Suspension
BYC	OC 1	Build Your Own Curriculum	PAAS	Parents of African American Students
C &	I (Curriculum and Instruction	PAC.ED	Parents of Children With Special
C-Cl	lub (Clayton Athletic Boosters		Needs
CHS		Clayton High School	PBTI	Performance Based Teacher
CLO) (Clayton Learning Objectives		Evaluation
CPC	!	Continuing Professional Certificate	PDC	Professional Development Committee
CPT	•	Captain Elementary School	PDP	Professional Development Plan
CSD) (Cooperating School Districts	PLC	Professional Learning Communities
CSII	? (Comprehensive School	PPRA	Protection of Pupil Rights
]	Improvement Plan		Amendment
CWO	C (Class within a Class	PRC	Professional Relations Council
DEC	CA 1	Distributive Education Clubs	PTO	Parent-Teacher Organization
	(of America	SAT	Scholastic Aptitude Test
DES	E l	Department of Elementary and	Goals	Specific Measurable Attainable
	,	Secondary Education		Realistic Timely Goals
EC]	Early Childhood	SPED	Special Education
EPE	D 1	Extra Pay for Extra Duty	SRO	School Resource Officer
EL]	English Language	SSD	Special School District
FC]	Family Center	STARR	Select Teachers as Regional
FER	PA 1	Family Educational Rights and		Resources
]	Privacy Act	TAOD	Tobacco, Alcohol and Other Drugs
GLN	1 (Glenridge Elementary School	TLC	Teaching and Learning Council
HR]	Human Resources	VICC	Voluntary Interdistrict Choice
IDE	A/504 1	Individuals with Disabilities		Corporation
]	Education Act/504	VST	Voluntary Student Transfer Program
IEP]	Individualized Education Plan	VTS	Voluntary Transfer Student
ISS]	In-School Suspension	WMS	Wydown Middle School

⁺ Developing Key Messages



Supporting Messages Facts/Evidence

Enhancements
Stories/Examples



Elevator Speech/Home Base

- First 30 words are absorbed by audience
- Main point + 3 supporting points
- Takes 12-15 seconds to say
- About the length of a TV sound bite

* Use Home Base to Map Your Message



Sample Home Base

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Silver Dollar City creates
memories worth repeating by
providing fun family activities in a
clean, friendly environment led by
a caring staff.



Back to Home Before Next Point

- Work out to proof point then back to home.
- Do not jump from one point to next without hitting home base message.
- By end of presentation/conversation, audience will have heard your home base multiple times.
- In an interview, best chance reporter might actually use your home base in sound bite.

Supporting Point #1

Key Message

Supporting Point #3

Supporting Point #2

Provide Transformative Learning Opportunities Through Technology

■ Infrastructure

- WiFi upgrades in all buildings (Spring 2017)
- Faster Internet Bandwith District-wide

■ Student Devices

- Three-Year Rollout (Spring 2017, 17/18 and 18/19)
- Moving from Desktops to laptops/tablets; from fixed locations to mobile carts
- Additional Chromebooks and iPads PK-8
- 1:1 Chromebooks at CHS for 18/19

■ Student Account Security

- Changing Naming Conventions for Student Accounts (8/17)
 - New conventions to be a combo of first /last name and 2-digit random numbers
 - No loss of data account is same, just re-named

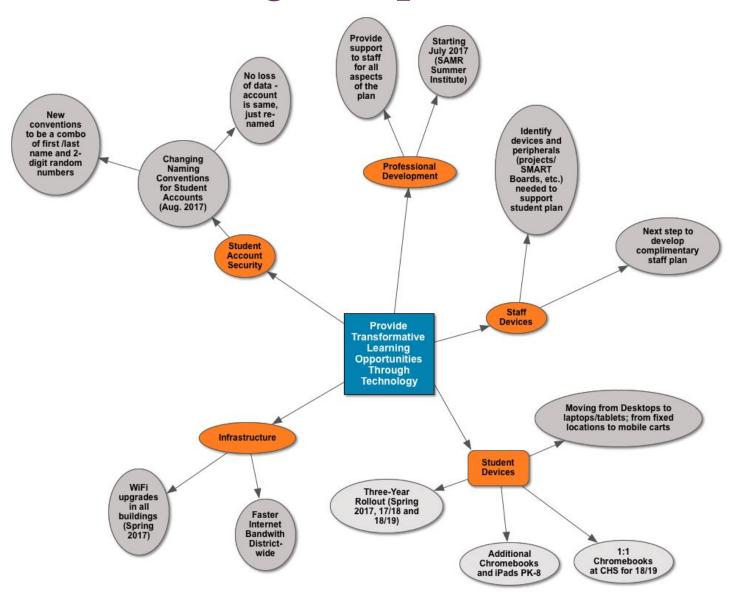
■ Professional Development

- Provide support to staff for all aspects of the plan
- Starting July 2017 (SAMR Summer Institute)

■ Staff Devices

- Next step to develop complimentary staff plan
- Identify devices and peripherals (projects/SMART Boards, etc.) needed to support student plan

T.I.P. Message Map



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Biggest Message Mistakes

- Use of technical terms and jargon
- Lack of clear meaning
- Cannot be fully supported by facts
- Lack of key point too many messages
- Audience is not paying attention

- Lack of emotional appeal
- Aimed at wrong audience
- Environment too cluttered
- Poor delivery of message
- Lack of repetition
- Does not motivate action or change in behavior

Activity Instructions

- Break into groups of 8ish and review the scenario
- Identify target audiences and key messages:
 - Who should craft and deliver the message?
 - What additional information is needed?
 - Is there a greater context (i.e. district message)?
 - Who are the audiences (primary and secondary)?
 - What is the desired outcome?
 - What are the key messages and delivery strategies?
- Brainstorm/agree ideas for your key messages
- Appoint a spokesperson and share your work



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