## LATIN TWO 2008 FIRST SEMESTER REVIEW

## CASES

Use of the Nominative: subject ..... p. 285 \#1
after the verb 'to be' and simlar words: puer est servus
Use of the Vocative: direct address ..... p. 285 \#2
Uses of Genitive: possession: villa Barbilli, ..... p. 285 \#3
partitive: satis pecuniae, description: femina magnae sapientiae with some adjectives: poculum plenum vini
Uses of Dative: ..... p. 285 \#4indirect object: Da pecuniam mihi! with 'give, show, tell' verbswith some intransitive verbs: urbi appropinquamus; Quinto credit/favet
Uses of Accusative: as direct object: pecuniam habeo ..... p. 285 \#5with some prepositions: circum, ad, in, prope (and others)
Uses of Ablative: with some prepositions: ab, cum, in, pro (and others) p. 285 \#6e
NOUNS
forms in 5 declensions ..... pp. 262-263
ADJECTIVES
*regular (positive) degree
$1^{\text {st }} / 2^{\text {nd }}$ declension: bonus, $-a,-$ um; miser, misera, miserum ..... p. 265 top $3^{\text {rd }}$ declension: gravis, gravis, grave p. 265 bottom
*comparative degree: gravior $=$ more ..... p. 267
*superlative degree: gravissimus, $\boldsymbol{- a}, \mathbf{- u m}=\mathbf{m o s t}$ or very ..... p. 267

## ADVERBS

| $1^{\text {st }} / 2^{\text {nd }}$ declension adjective: -e | misere | p. 14 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ declension adjective: -iter | graviter | p. 34 |

## PRONOUNS

| Demonstrative: | this $=$ hic, haec, hoc <br> that $=$ ille, illa, illud | p. 270 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ----self $=$ ipse, ipsa, ipsum |  |  |
| he/she/it $=$ is, ea, id |  |  |
| the same $=$ idem, eadem, idem | p. 271 |  |

Relative: who, which, that = qui, quae, quod p. 272
VERBS
Present tense: o, s, $t$, mus, tis, nt p. 275 \#1
Imperfect tense: bam, bas, bat, bamus, batis, bant
"
Perfect tense: i, isti, it, imus, istis, erunt
p. 276 \#5

Pluperfect tense: eram, eras, erat, eramus, eratis, erant
INFINITIVE active only =-are, -ere, -ere, -ire
p. 279 \#1

IMPERATIVE $2^{\text {nd }}$ sing and pl only
p. 280 \#2

## PARTICIPLES

Present active participle: -ns, -ntem, -ntes, -ntes (nom / accus only)
p. 287 \#6
see also uses
p. 286 \#1

Perfect passive participle:
$=4^{\text {th }}$ principal part of the dictionary entry $+-u s,-a$, $-u m$ endings $\quad$ p. $287 \# 7$
see also uses
p. 286 \#2

## IRREGULAR VERBS

same tenses as regular verbs above
p. 282 \#1 and p. 283 \#4
sum, esse, fui
possum, posse, potui
eo, ire, ii
volo, velle, volui
nolo, nolle, nolui
fero, ferre, tuli

## CULTURE

Alexandria
Anatomy/Medical Terms from Latin

