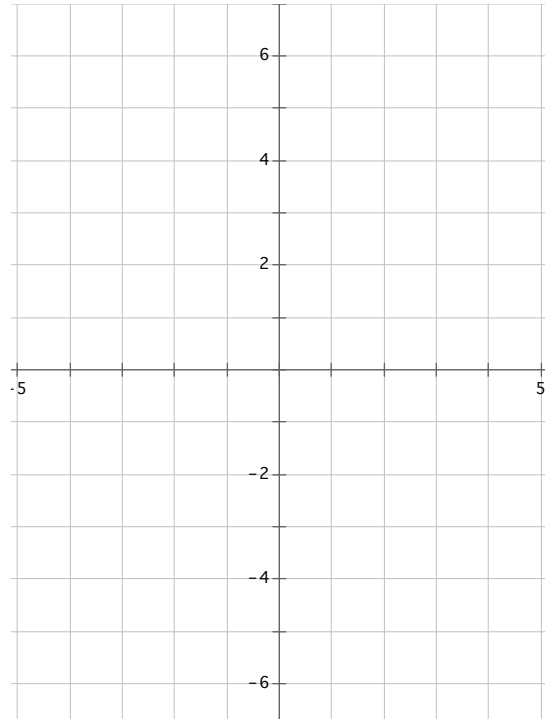


1. Given $f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}(x+6)$

a. Graph $f(x)$

b. Will the inverse of $f(x)$ be a function? Explain.



c. Graph $f^{-1}(x)$ on the same coordinate plane in a different color.

d. Using the graph, find the equation of $f^{-1}(x)$

e. Algebraically determine the equation of $f^{-1}(x)$. Your results should match part d.

f. Use composition to verify $f(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$ are inverses of each other.

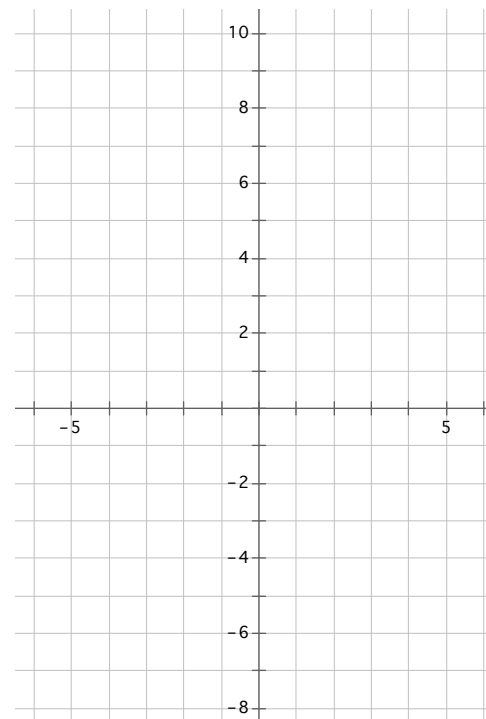
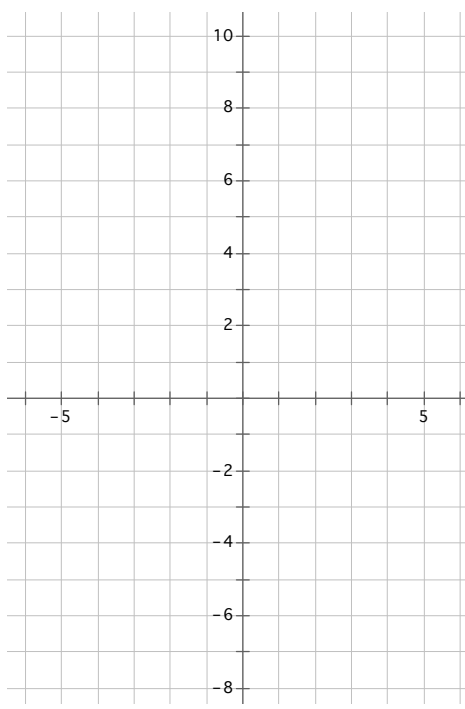
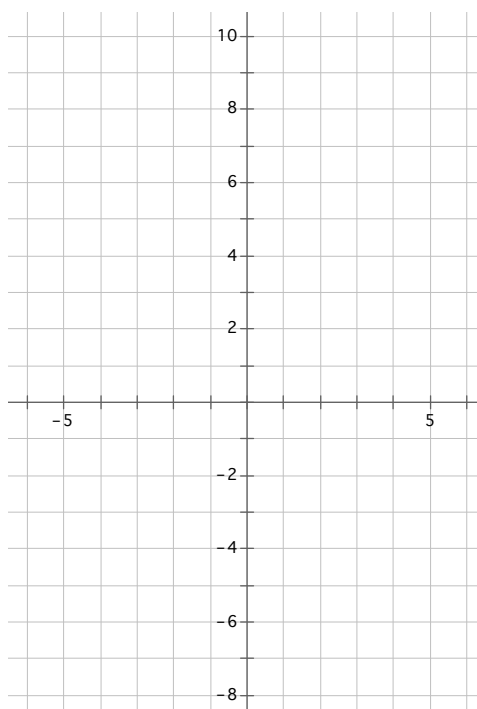
2. Verify that $f^{-1}(x) = (x - 4)^2 + 2$ and $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 2} + 4$ are inverses of each other.

3. Graph each function

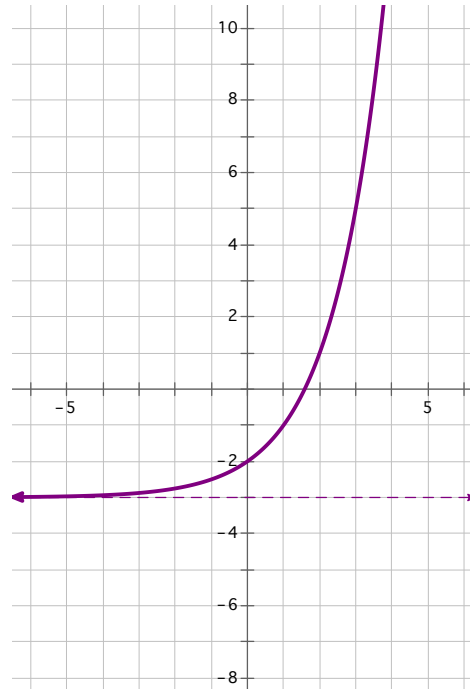
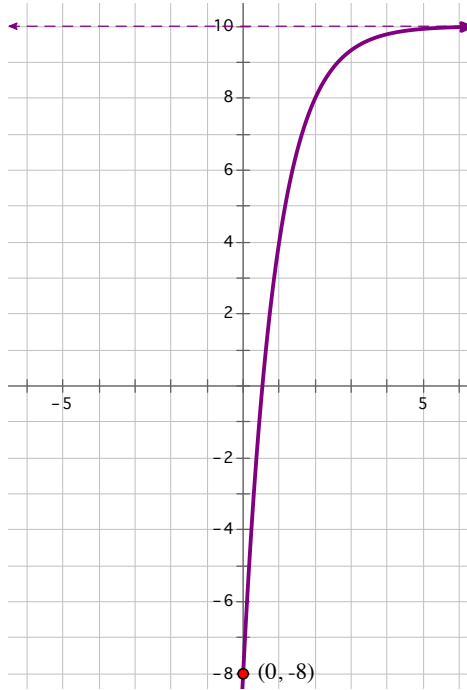
a. $f(x) = -3(2)^x + 4$

b. $f(x) = 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x - 5$

c. $f(x) = 8\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-x} - 6$



4. Write an equation for each graph.



5. Solve each equation.

a. $4^{3x} = 8^{x+4}$

b. $\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{x-1} = 9^{2x}$

c. $4^x = \frac{1}{64}$

d. $10^{3x-7} = 1000^{2x+2}$

2. Given $f(x) = \frac{10x+9}{4}$ and $g(x) = \frac{2x-9}{5}$,

a. Use composition to show that these functions are NOT inverses of each other.

b. Algebraically determine $f^{-1}(x)$.

c. Use composition to prove that $f(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$ are inverse functions.