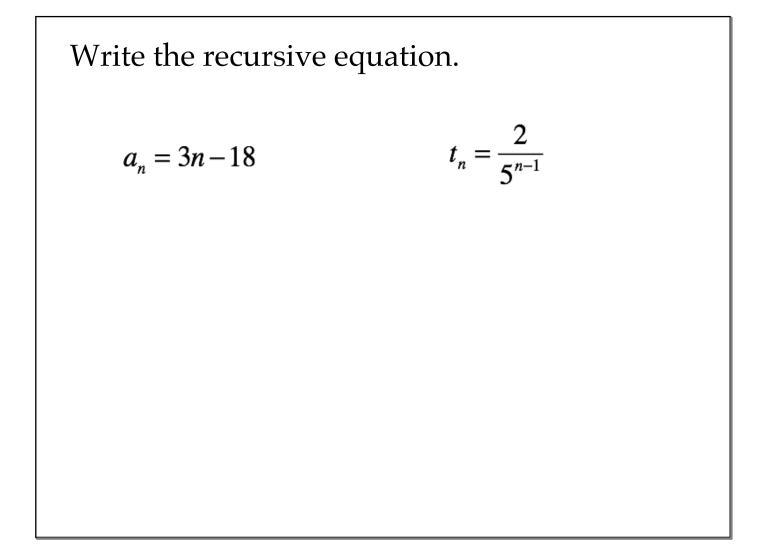


Write the explicit formula for the arithmetic sequence if

$$c_3 = 42$$

 $c_8 = 2$

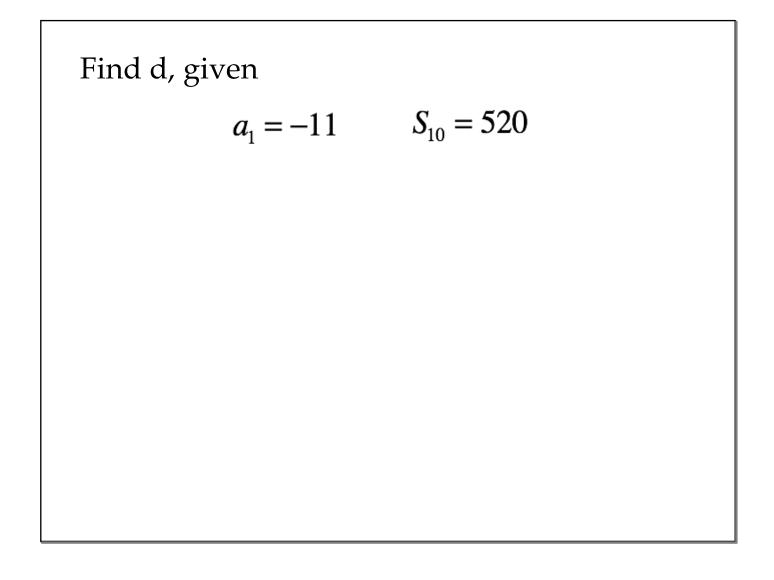
If r = 4 and $a_6 = 196$, find the first term of the sequence



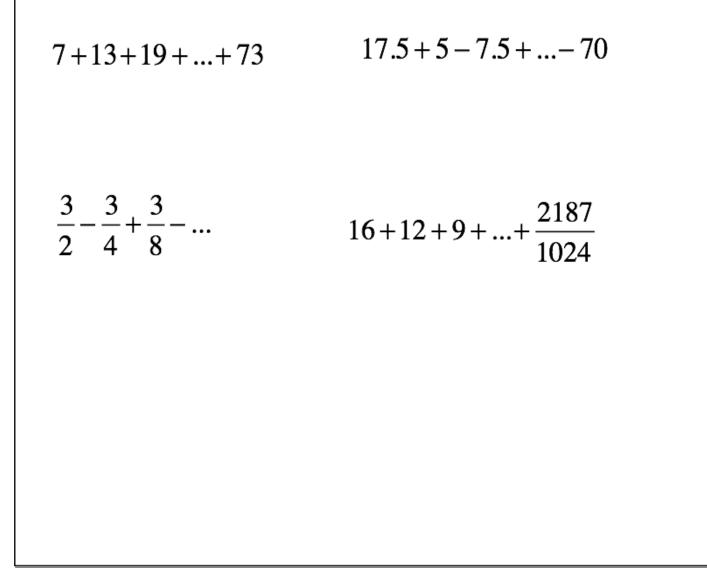
Write the explicit definition for each sequence.

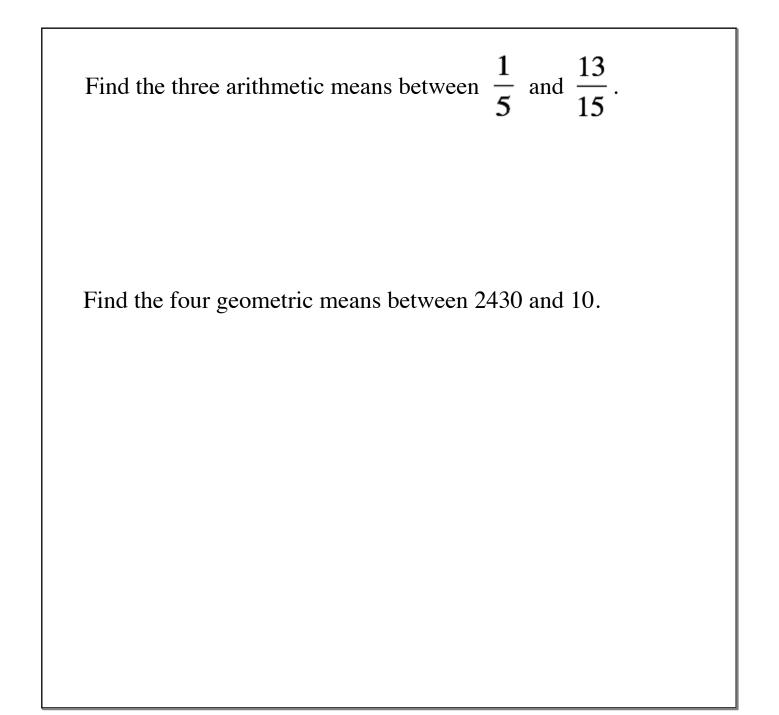
-

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 2 \\ a_{k+1} = 3a_k \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} t_1 = 1 \\ t_{k+1} = 2t_k + 1 \end{cases}$$



Write each series in summation notation and evaluate the sum if possible.

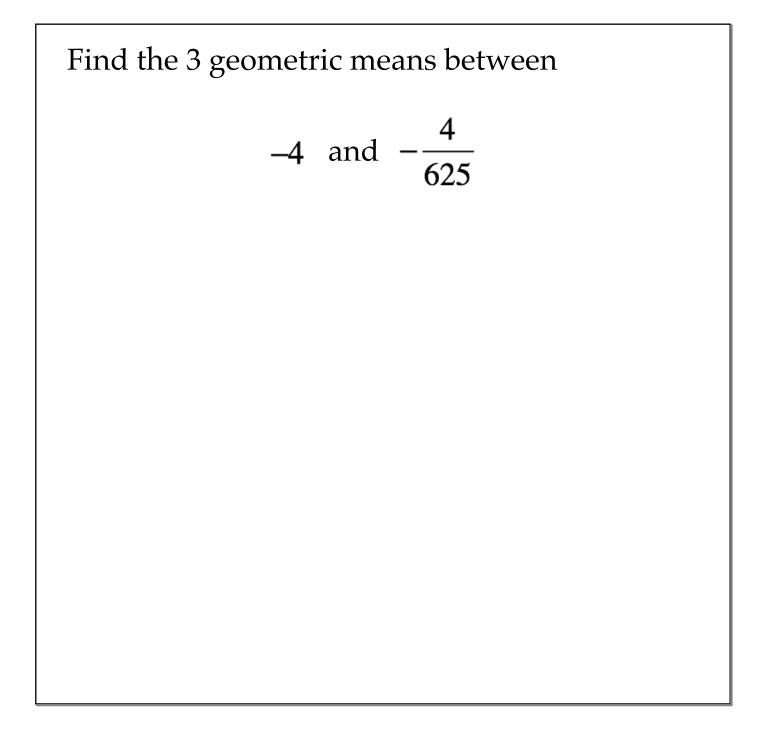




Write each series using summation notation. Then find the sum.

$$2 + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{9} + \dots + \frac{2}{6561} \qquad 20 - 16 + \frac{64}{5} - \frac{256}{25} + \dots$$

```
Write the explicit and recursive formulas for
each sequence:
2, 4, 10, 28, 82
-1, 6, 17, 32, 51
```



Expand and find the sum.

$$\sum_{k=-2}^{2} (3k - k^2)$$



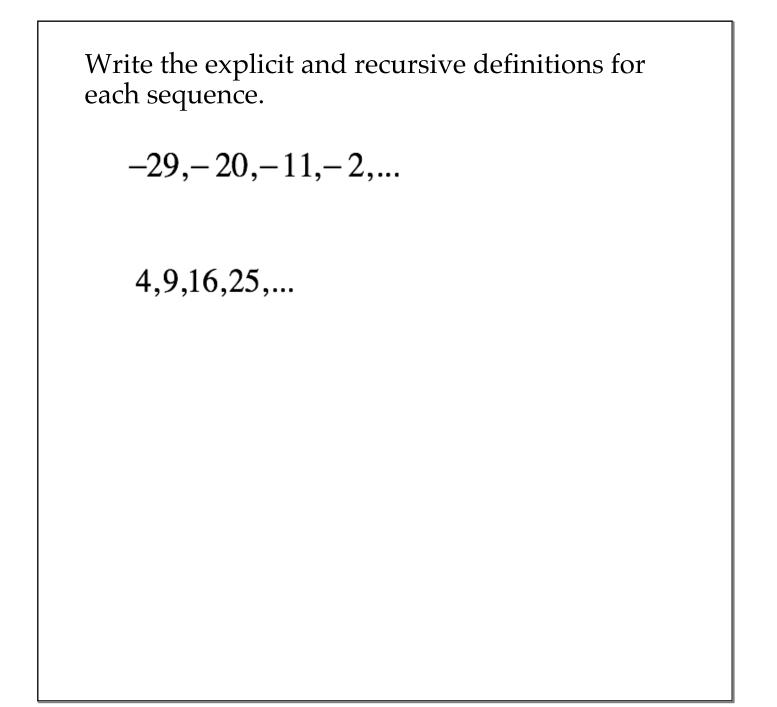
$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 5 \\ a_{n+1} = a_n - 2 \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} c_1 = 5 \\ c_n = c_{n-1} - 2 \end{cases}$$

Given
$$S_{\varrho} = \sum_{n=1}^{\varrho} \frac{3}{4^n}$$
, find S_5 and S .

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Write the explicit formula for each sequence. Find S_5 and S, if possible.

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 5 \\ a_{n+1} = 4a_n \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} a_1 = -7 \\ a_n = a_{n-1} - 6 \end{cases}$$



You invest \$3000 in an account that pays 4% annual interest compounded monthly. You withdraw \$500 from this account each month.

Write a recursive formula to represent this situation.

Find the balance in this account after 2 months.

